	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Makin	sense of the text / Un	derstanding the impac	·			
	,		. 3			
Early	UC: Creation	UC: Incarnation	LDBE: What happens in a church?	UC: Salvation	LDBE: Why are some stories so	LDBE: What makes every person
Years	F1: Why is the word 'God' so	F2: Why do Christians perform	Pupils will learn that:	F3 Why do Christians put a cross	special?	special, unique and important?
	important to Christians?	nativity plays at Christmas?	Worship gives time to learn	in an Easter garden?	Pupils will learn that:	Pupils will learn that:
	Children will be and the	Children will know that:	about God, ourselves and others	Children will know that:	The Bible is a very special book and we can read stories about	That every person is special, precious and unique
	Children will know that:	Christians believe God came to	<ul> <li>Worship can take place in</li> </ul>	Christians remember Jesus' last	God and Jesus in it.	
	The word God is a name.	Earth in human form as Jesus.	different places including	week at Easter.	<ul> <li>That stories can teach things to people</li> </ul>	The Christians believe every person is created by God in His
	Christians believe God is the	Christians believe Jesus came	<ul><li>school and church.</li><li>Church is a special building</li></ul>	Jesus' name means 'He saves'.	<ul> <li>Jesus told stories to explain</li> </ul>	image
	creator of the universe.	to show that all people are precious and special to God.	for Christians to worship God	Christians believe Jesus came	important truths to people. These stories are called parables and	That God wants a relationship
	Christians believe God made		<ul> <li>The church school is part of the parish church community</li> </ul>	to show God's love.	have a deep meaning	with the people He has created.
	our wonderful world and so we should look after it.		Visitors from the church	Christians try to show love to	• These parables are found in the Bible.	That Christians and other
	Shoola look afform.		<ul><li>contribute to school life</li><li>Prayer is an important part of</li></ul>	others.	• There are other faiths which also	people of faith try to help each other as everyone is important.
			worship		have lots of stories that have important meanings.	• That the most special person is
			Pupils should be able to:		Pupils should be able to:	Jesus.
			Identify when and why the			As we are all special we need
			school visits the local church.		<ul> <li>Recognise that some stories have special meanings and</li> </ul>	to respect other people as
			Talk about their own visit or experience of the local		are important to people.	valued and important.
			church.		Express how they think the	Pupils should be able to:
			Participate in or observe sensitively school services at		story might affect someone's behaviour.	Talk confidently about who     they are and begin to
			church.			they are and begin to recognise differences in
			VOCABULARY:		VOCABULARY:	others.
			Church Worship God Jesus Pray		Jesus parable meaning truth  Mohammed Islam	They are aware that not everyone is equally fortunate
			Prayer Service Parish Amen Hymn		Monaninea islam	and that Christians (and those
			Vicar/rector Festival names The			of other faiths) try to help those who need support.
			name of your parish church Names and roles of visitors from			
			church			VOCABULARY:
						Precious Unique Special Love Respect Thanksgiving



# St. John's CE Primary School Religious Education Long Term Plan with Vocabulary.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Yr 1	UC: God	UC: Incarnation	LDBE: What are festivals and why	UC: Salvation	LDBE: What do some Jews	LDBE: How can I make a
Judaism	1.1: What do Christians believe	1.3: Why does Christmas matter to	do we have them?	1.5: Why does Easter matter to	believe?	difference in the World?
	God is like?	Christians?	Pupils will learn:	Christians?	Pupils will learn that:	Pupils will learn:
	By the end of the unit, pupils are	By the end of the unit, pupils are	To learn what celebrations and	By the end of the unit, pupils are	Torah is the Jewish holy book	
	expected to be able to:	expected to be able to:	festivals are. People celebrate for	expected to be able to:	and contains rules to live by,	To look at and respond to our
	•		many reasons but most festivals	•	teaching and guidance	world and learn about caring for
	Identify what a parable is.  Tall the advance of the advance	Give a clear, simple account	are connected with stories.	Recognise that Incarnation		it.
	Tell the story of the Lost Son from the Bible simply, and	of the story of Jesus' birth and why Jesus is important for	Diwali, Purim and Advent are	and Salvation are part of a 'big story' of the Bible.	Judaism is based on a covenant, a two way promise	
	recognise a link with the	Christians.	festivals of different faiths, but all	Tell stories of Holy Week and	between God and His people.	<ul> <li>To identify and respond to values about caring, expressed</li> </ul>
	concept of God as a	Recognise that stories of	are joyful remembrance of stories	Easter from the Bible and	·	through faith stories.
	forgiving Father.	Jesus' life come from	from the sacred texts.	recognise a link with the idea	• Torah is written in Hebrew in the	
	Give clear, simple accounts	the Gospels.	How Diwali, Purim and Advent	of Salvation (Jesus	form of a scroll.	That we are part of a wider
	of what the story means	Give examples of ways in	are celebrated by believers.	rescuing people).	Shabbat is an important part of	global community.
	to Christians.	which Christians use the story		Recognise that Jesus gives	Jewish family life and help Jewish	That their class is a community
	Give at least two examples of a way in which Christians	of the nativity to guide their beliefs and actions at	• The Hindu story linked with	instructions about how to behave.	to feel closer to God	made up of different individuals.
	show their belief in God as	Christmas.	Diwali is the Ramayana.	Give at least three examples	Shabbat lasts from sunset on	
	loving and forgiving; for	Decide what they personally	Purim is celebrated by Jews	of how Christians show their	Friday to sunset on Saturday, and	To consider who cares for them,     and how they respond to that
	example, by saying sorry; by	have to be thankful for at	and remembers the story of	beliefs about Jesus' death	symbols mark its beginning and	and how they respond to that care.
	seeing God as welcoming	Christmas time.	Esther.	and resurrection in church	end	caro.
	them back; by forgiving		Advent is a Christian period of	worship at Easter.	Shabbat is a time of rest and	That they can give and care for
	others.  Give an example of how		preparation for Jesus' coming.	Think, talk and ask questions  The put whether the start of	recalls how God rested on the	others, and how they may do this.
	Give an example of how     Christians put their beliefs into	Pupils will know that:	Diwali is shared by Hindus &	about whether the story of Easter has anything to say to	seventh day after creation	Describe other communities,
	practice in worship; by saying	Christians believe that Jesus is	Sikhs.	them about sadness, hope or	The words of Torah forms the	and how people in religious
	sorry to God, for example.	God and that he was born as		heaven, exploring different	opening of the Christian Bible	communities show care.
	Think, talk and ask questions	a baby in Bethlehem.		ideas.		Dura the sheet hall be a salada da s
	about whether they can learn	The Bible points out that his  I with the same of the state of the same of the state of the	Pupils should be able to:	Pupils will know that:	Pupils should be able to:	Pupils should be able to:
	anything from the story for	birth showed that he was extraordinary (for example,	Know that important religious	-	Share the basic beliefs of	Talk about how they feel
	themselves, exploring different ideas.	he is worshipped as a king, in	stories are often connected	Easter is very important in the	Judaism and explain the	when they give to others.
	different ideas.	Matthew) and that he came	to festivals, which are a way	'big story' of the Bible.	place of the Torah and	Make link with golden rule and need to share love and
		to bring good news (for	of remembering.	Christians believe Jesus rose	Shabbat in the lives of a  Jewish child.	generosity.
	Pupils will know that:	example, to the poor, in	Be able to link the stories	again, giving people hope of a	<ul> <li>Identify key symbols of the</li> </ul>	
	Christians believe in God, and	Luke).	behind the festivals studied	new life.	Shabbat meal and suggest	Identify a situation, local or
	that they find out about God	Christians celebrate Jesus' birth; Advent for Christians is a	with some of the celebrations.		what they mean.	worldwide, in which they have a role in making a
	in the Bible.	time of getting ready for			Suggest what makes Shabbat	difference, and relate to
	Christians believe God is	Jesus' coming.	VOCABULARY:		a day of rest, or how it might	Jesus' teaching.
	loving, kind, fair and forgiving, and also Lord and King.	<u> </u>			help Jewish families to feel closer to God.	VOCABIII ABV.
	<ul> <li>Some stories show these</li> </ul>		Festival Celebration Diwali			VOCABULARY:
	Christian beliefs.		Ramayana Rama Sita Purim Haman Diva Gragger Advent		VOCABULARY:	Golden rule Neighbour
	Christians worship God and try		Wreath		Torah respect Mitzvot	Generosity Charity Waste Litter
	to live in ways that please		Wicdin		commandments Shabbat	Recycle Christian Aid Love Fundraising Unselfishness Tearfund
	him.				covenant rest Shalom Challah	. S. Grading Grisonish 1033 Todiforid
					work Havdalah Kippah Creation	
					Spices Holy scroll Simchat Torah	
					synagogue	



## St. John's CE Primary School Religious Education Long Term Plan with Vocabulary.

Hinduism  By the expect  Refro  Refro  Refro  Refro  Refro  Given  This ab an  Pupils  God  The fare im	UC: Creation  1.2: Who made the world?  the end of the unit, pupils are pected to be able to:  Retell the story of creation from Genesis 1:1–2.3 simply.  Recognise that 'Creation' is the beginning of the 'big story' of the Bible.  Say what the story tells  Christians about God,  Creation and the world.	UC: Incarnation  1.3: Why does Christmas matter to Christians?  (Digging Deeper)  By the end of the unit, pupils are expected to be able to:  Recognise that Incarnation is part of the 'Big Story' of	UC: Gospel  1.4: What is the good news that Jesus brings?  By the end of the unit, pupils are expected to be able to:  Tell stories from the Bible and recognise a link with a concept of 'Gospel' or good	UC: Salvation  1.5: Why does Easter matter to Christians?  (Digging Deeper)  By the end of the unit, pupils are expected to be able to:	LDBE: What do some Muslims believe?  Pupils will learn:  That Muslims believe in one God, Allah.  Muslims are people who follow	LDBE: What do some Hindus believe?  Pupils will learn:  That Hindus recognise Brahman as the one supreme deity or universal soul found in everything.
Hinduism  By the expect  Refro Refro Rethestor Sar Ch Cre Giv wh that Cre Thi ab an  Pupils God The Bare im	the end of the unit, pupils are pected to be able to:  Retell the story of creation from Genesis 1:1–2.3 simply.  Recognise that 'Creation' is the beginning of the 'big story' of the Bible.  Say what the story tells Christians about God,	to Christians?  (Digging Deeper)  By the end of the unit, pupils are expected to be able to:  Recognise that Incarnation is part of the 'Big Story' of	Jesus brings?  By the end of the unit, pupils are expected to be able to:  Tell stories from the Bible and recognise a link with a	Christians? (Digging Deeper)  By the end of the unit, pupils are	Pupils will learn:  • That Muslims believe in one God, Allah.	Pupils will learn:  • That Hindus recognise Brahman as the one supreme deity or
By the expect  Refro  Refro  Refro  Refro  Refro  Refro  Given  This about an   Pupils  God  The fare im	Retell the story of creation from Genesis 1:1–2.3 simply. Recognise that 'Creation' is the beginning of the 'big story' of the Bible. Say what the story tells Christians about God,	(Digging Deeper)  By the end of the unit, pupils are expected to be able to:  Recognise that Incarnation is part of the 'Big Story' of	By the end of the unit, pupils are expected to be able to:  Tell stories from the Bible and recognise a link with a	(Digging Deeper)  By the end of the unit, pupils are	That Muslims believe in one God, Allah.	That Hindus recognise Brahman as the one supreme deity or
Refro Refro Rethesto Sar Ch Cro Giv Wh that Cro Thi ab an  Pupils God The Bare im	Retell the story of creation from Genesis 1:1–2.3 simply. Recognise that 'Creation' is the beginning of the 'big story' of the Bible. Say what the story tells Christians about God,	By the end of the unit, pupils are expected to be able to:  Recognise that Incarnation is part of the 'Big Story' of	<ul> <li>expected to be able to:</li> <li>Tell stories from the Bible and recognise a link with a</li> </ul>	By the end of the unit, pupils are	God, Allah.	as the one supreme deity or
fro Re the sto Sar Ch Cre Giv Wh tho Cre Thi ab an  Pupils God The E are im	from Genesis 1:1–2.3 simply. Recognise that 'Creation' is the beginning of the 'big story' of the Bible. Say what the story tells Christians about God,	<ul><li>expected to be able to:</li><li>Recognise that Incarnation is part of the 'Big Story' of</li></ul>	Tell stories from the Bible and recognise a link with a	1 '		
Pupils  God  The Bare im	the beginning of the 'big story' of the Bible. Say what the story tells Christians about God,	part of the 'Big Story' of		expected to be able to:	The state of the s	
with his Create	Give at least one example of what Christians do to say thank you to God for the Creation.  Think, talk and ask questions about living in an amazing world.  Dils will know that:  God created the universe.  The Earth and everything in it is important to God.  God has a unique relationship in human beings as their eator and Sustainer.  Illumans should care for the orld because it belongs to God.	<ul> <li>Tell the story of the birth of Jesus and recognise the link with Incarnation — Jesus is 'God on Earth'.</li> <li>Give at least two examples of ways in which Christians use the nativity story in churches and at home; for example, using nativity scenes and carols to celebrate Jesus' birth.</li> <li>Think, talk and ask questions about the Christmas story and the lessons they might learn from it: for example, about being kind and generous.</li> <li>Pupils will know that: <ul> <li>Christians believe that Jesus is God and that he was born as a baby in Bethlehem.</li> <li>The Bible points out that his birth showed he was extraordinary (for example, he is worshipped as a king, in Matthew) and that he came to bring good news (for example, to the poor, in Luke).</li> <li>Christians celebrate Jesus' birth; Advent for Christians is a time of getting ready for Jesus' coming.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Give clear, simple accounts of what Bible texts (such as the story of Matthew the tax collector) mean to Christians.</li> <li>Recognise that Jesus gives instructions to people about how to behave.</li> <li>Give at least two examples of ways in which Christians follow the teachings studied about forgiveness and peace, and bringing good news to the friendless.</li> <li>Give at least two examples of how Christians put these beliefs into practice in the Church community and their own lives (for example: charity, confession).</li> <li>Think, talk and ask questions about whether Jesus' 'good news' is only good news for Christians, or if there are things for anyone to learn, exploring different ideas.</li> <li>Pupils will know that:</li> <li>Christians believe Jesus brings good news for all people.</li> <li>For Christians, this good news includes being loved by God, and being forgiven for bad things.</li> <li>Christians believe Jesus is a friend to the poor and friendless.</li> <li>Christians believe Jesus' teachings make people think hard about how to live and show</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recognise that God, Incarnation, Gospel and Salvation are part of the 'big story' of the Bible.</li> <li>Tell stories of Holy Week and Easter and make a link with the idea of Salvation (Jesus rescuing people).</li> <li>Give at least three examples of how Christians show their beliefs about Jesus as saviour in church worship.</li> <li>Think, talk and ask questions about whether the text has something to say to them (for example, about whether forgiveness is important), exploring different ideas.</li> <li>Pupils will know that:</li> <li>Easter is very important in the 'big story' of the Bible. Jesus showed that he was willing to forgive all people, even for putting him on the cross.</li> <li>Christians believe Jesus builds a bridge between God and humans.</li> <li>Christians believe Jesus rose again, giving people hope of a new life.</li> </ul>	the faith called Islam.  Allah is the Arabic name for God the Creator.  Allah has ninety-nine beautiful names that reflect aspects of his character.  Muhammad (pbuh) is a prophet and the last messenger of Allah in Islam.  The Qur'an is the special book for Muslims and is written in Arabic. It contains the holy words of Allah given to Muhammad.  Pupils should be able to:  Share the basic beliefs of Islam and explain the place of Allah, Muhammed and the Qur'an in the lives of a Muslim child?  They may be able to share and explain the Shahadah  VOCABULARY:  Allah Muhammad (pbuh*) (or Mohammad) Beautiful names Qur'an	<ul> <li>Aspects of Brahman are personified in many forms (deities, murti) each of which help understand aspects of his being, and allow people to worship in ways that help them.</li> <li>Principle murti include Brahma, Vishnu, Shiva, Krishna, Rama, Lakshmi, Saraswati and Ganesha</li> <li>The Hindu year includes many festivals, particularly Diwali and Holi.</li> <li>Astrology and horoscopes are important to Hindus and help decide the name given to new babies.</li> <li>Dance and music are important in helping Hindus worship &amp; celebrate</li> <li>Pupils should be able to:</li> <li>Share the basic beliefs of Hinduism and explain the place of the deities in guiding and inspiring the lives of individual believers.</li> <li>They may be able to share and explain the importance of identifying and belonging to the faith.</li> <li>VOCABULARY:</li> <li>Hindu Brahman Deity Murti Diwali Holi Brahma Vishnu Shiva Krishna Rama Lakshmi Saraswati Hanuman Ganesha (or Ganapati) Namkaran Mandir Aum/om</li> </ul>



## St. John's CE Primary School Religious Education Long Term Plan with Vocabulary.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Yr 3	UC: Creation / Fall	LDBE: What are festivals of light?	UC: Incarnation	UC: Gospel	LDBE: What can we learn from a	LDBE: How do Christians talk to
Judaism	2a.1: What do Christians learn	(Good over evil)	2a 2: What is the Trinity?	2a.4 What kind of world did Jesus	synagogue?	God?
	from the Creation story?	Pupils will learn:	2a.3: What is the Trinity?	want?	Pupils will learn:	PRAYER SPACES
	_	·	By the end of the unit, pupils are		·	TRATER OF AGES
	By the end of the unit, pupils are	To deepen understand of	expected to be able to:	By the end of the unit, pupils are	The synagogue is a place for	Pupils will learn:
	expected to be able to:	festivals as celebrations of	Identify the difference	expected to be able to:	worship, learning and community	That for Christians:
	Place the concepts of God	religious stories.	between a 'Gospel', which	Identify this as part of a	for Jews.	Prayer is a way of connecting
	and Creation on a timeline of	To explore how light and dark	tells the story of the life and	'Gospel', which tells the story	The meaning and features of	with God at any time and in any
	the Bible's 'Big Story'.	are symbols of good and evil in	teaching of Jesus, and a	of the life and teaching of	artefacts and symbols found in a	place.
	Make clear links between	many faiths.	letter.	Jesus.	synagogue	Prayer is about listening to God
	Genesis 1 and what Christians	To link Jesus as the light of the	Offer suggestions about what	Make clear links between the	The Torah's teachings form the	as well as talking to him.  That Christians pray in different
	believe about God and Creation.	world, and His command that His	texts about baptism and Trinity might mean.	calling of the first disciples and how Christians today try	core beliefs of Judaism and	ways and for different reasons
	<ul> <li>Describe what Christians do</li> </ul>	followers also shine as lights.	Give examples of what these	to follow Jesus and be 'fishers	include the Shema.	e.g. to say thank you, sorry or
	because they believe God is	To understand that All Saints	texts mean to some Christians	of people'.	The Torah's significance is	please
	Creator. (For example, follow	celebrates goodness, hope and	today.	Offer suggestions about what	reflected in its treatment in the	The Bible has prayers and songs     Street has Christians afters
	God, wonder at how	light, while its eve is associated	Describe how Christians show	Jesus' actions towards the	synagogue.	of worship that Christians often use.
	amazing God's creation is;	with the forces of darkness, and	their beliefs about God the	leper might mean for a		<ul> <li>That the Bible contains a special</li> </ul>
	care for the earth in some	that Hallowe'en is not celebrated	Trinity in worship (in baptism	Christian.	Synagogue is central for	prayer that Jesus taught his
	specific ways.)	by Christians	and prayer, for example) and	· ·	community life, including during festivals such as Pesach.	disciples called the 'Lord's Prayer.
	Ask questions and suggest answers about what might be	To explore the symbolism of the	in the way they live.  Make links between some	Bible texts and the concept of 'Gospel' (good news).	lestivais socii as i esacii.	Dunils should be able to:
	important in the creation	Christingle.	Bible texts studied and the	<ul><li>Give examples of how</li></ul>	Jesus was a Jew and his last	Pupils should be able to:
	story for Christians living		idea of God in Christianity,	Christians try to show love to	supper was a celebration of	Explain why prayer might
	today, and for people who	To deepen understanding of	expressing clearly some ideas	all, including how members of	Pesach (Passover).	make a difference to a
	are not Christians.	Advent and Diwali.	of their own about what the	the clergy follow Jesus'	Pupils should be able to:	Christian's life.
	Pupils will know that:	To explore the story and	God of Christianity is like.	teaching.	Describe how attending	Compare their thoughts and
	ropiis wiii kilow ilidi.	celebration of the Jewish festival	Pupils will know that:	Make links between the Bible	synagogue makes a	feelings about worship with
	God the Creator cares for the	of Hanukkah.	•	stories studied and the	difference to Jews and	others, giving possible reasons
	creation, including human	Pupils should be able to:	Christians believe God is Trinity:	importance of love, and life	discuss the different artefacts	for the differences.
	beings.		Father, Son and Holy Spirit.	in the world today, expressing some ideas of their own	found in the synagogue	
	As human beings are part of	<ul> <li>Explain the symbolism of light as representing goodness,</li> </ul>	Christians believe The Father	clearly.	explaining their symbolism	VOCABULARY:
	God's good creation, they do	and darkness evil, across	creates; he sends the Son who		and meaning for Jewish	Wonder Reflect Lord's Prayer
	best when they listen to God.	several religions and give an	saves his people; the Son sends	Pupils will know that:	believers or their relevance to	Grace Celebrate Meditate Praise
	The Bible shows that God wants	example of a festival that	the Holy Spirit to his followers.	Christians believe Jesus	<ul><li>worship.</li><li>They may also identify the</li></ul>	Repent
	to help people to be close to him	celebrates this, linking it to the	Christians find that	challenges everyone about how	impact of words from the	
	— he keeps his relationship with	religious story behind it where	understanding God is	to live — he sets the example for	Shema or Torah on Jewish	
	them, gives them guidelines on	possible.	challenging; people spend their	loving God and your neighbour,	peoples' lives and comment	
	good ways to live (such as the	VOCABULARY:	whole lives learning more and	putting others first.	on connections between a	
	Ten Commandments).		more about God.	Jesus shows love and	synagogue and a church or	
	• [Building block from EYFS:	Celebration Hanukkah Menorah	Christians really want to try to	forgiveness to unlikely people.	between Jewish and Christian	
	Christians believe God made our	Hanukiah Christingle All Saints day Advent annunciation Diwali	understand God better and so try	Christians try to be like Jesus —	beliefs	
	wonderful world and so we	Rangoli pattern Symbol Lakshmi	to describe God using symbols,	they want to know him better	VOCABULARY:	
	should look after it.]		similes and metaphors, in song,	and better.		
			story, poems and art.		Menorah Torah breastplate yad reform orthodox mezuzah Tenakh	
			Christians worship God as	Christians try to put his teaching and example into practice in lots	Ketuvim Nevi'im Shema tallit Ark	
			Trinity. It is a huge idea to grasp	and example into practice in lots	bimah tallit tzittzit mitzvoth	



## St. John's CE Primary School Religious Education Long Term Plan with Vocabulary.

		1				
			and Christians have created art	of ways, from church worship to	minyan Ner Tamid (everlasting	
			to help to express this belief.	social justice.	light)	
			Christians believe the Holy Spirit			
			is God's power at work in the			
			world and in their lives today,			
			•			
			enabling them to follow Jesus.			
Yr 4	UC: Creation / Fall	LDBE: What can we learn form a	UC: Incarnation / God	UC: Salvation	LDBE: What can we learn form a	UC: Gospel
Islam		Mosque?	·		Mandir?	·
HInduism	2a.1: What do Christians learn		2a.3: What is the Trinity?	2a.5: Why do Christians call the		2a.4 What kind of world did Jesus
піпавіті	from the Creation story?	Pupils will learn:	(Digging Deeper)	day Jesus died 'Good Friday'?	Pupils will learn:	want?
	(Digging Deeper)	Muslims believe there is no God		By the end of the unit, pupils are	Hindus worship both at home or	(Digging Deeper)
	(Digging Deeper)	but Allah and that he is without	By the end of the unit, pupils are	expected to be able to:	in a Mandir.	
	By the end of the unit, pupils are	equal.	expected to be able to:			By the end of the unit, pupils are
	expected to be able to:	oquai.	- Identify John 1 as part of a	Order Creation and Fall,	The practices of puja and arti	expected to be able to:
	• Place the concepts of Cod	Allah is One (Tawhid)	Identify John 1 as part of a     'Caspal' nating same	Incarnation, Gospel and	as Hindu worship.	List two distinguishing foots
	Place the concepts of God,     Creation and the Fall on a	a the Ourlan is Allahis final	'Gospel', noting some	Salvation within a timeline of	- Evoloro the place of the many dis	List two distinguishing features     of a parable.
	timeline of the Bible's	the Qur'an is Allah's final     revolution to humanity, and was	differences between John	the Bible's 'big story'.	• Explore the place of the mandir	of a parable.
	'Big Story'.	revelation to humanity, and was revealed to the Prophet	<ul><li>and the other Gospels.</li><li>Offer suggestions for what</li></ul>	Offer suggestions for what the	in the life of a Hindu	Make clear links between the story of the Good Samaritan
				texts about the entry into	• The key features, artefacts &	<u> </u>
	Offer suggestions about what the stary of Adam and Eye	Muhammad (pbuh) in Arabic	<ul><li>texts about God might mean.</li><li>Give examples of what the</li></ul>	Jerusalem, and the death	symbols found in a mandir all	and the idea of the Gospel as 'good news'.
	the story of Adam and Eve might show about human	• The mosque is a place of	texts studied mean to some	and resurrection of Jesus	have explicit meaning.	<ul> <li>Offer some ideas about the</li> </ul>
	nature and how to act.	worship and learning and is led	Christians.	might mean.		meaning of the Good
	<ul> <li>Describe how and why</li> </ul>	by an Imam	Describe how Christians show	Give examples of what the	The celebration of the Raksha	Samaritan story to Christians.
	Christians might pray to God,		their beliefs about God the	texts studied mean to some	Bandhan festival.	<ul> <li>Make simple links between</li> </ul>
	say sorry, forgive and ask for	Salat (prayer) is offered five	Trinity in the way they live.	Christians.	Pupils should be able to:	the Good Samaritan story
	forgiveness.	times a day at set times.	Make links between some of	Make simple links between		and the importance of
	<ul> <li>Make links between what</li> </ul>	• In prayer, Muslims submit to the	the texts and teachings	the Gospel texts and how	Explain the links between the	charity in Christian life.
	stories in the Bible say about	will of Allah.	about God in the Bible and	Christians mark the Easter	features found at the mandir	Give some examples of how
	human beings, and pupils'		what people believe about	events in their church	and the beliefs that underlie	Christians act to show that
	own ideas about how people	• The key features, artefacts &	God in the world today,	communities.	them.	they are following Jesus.
	should behave.	symbols found in a mosque all	expressing some ideas of their	Describe how Christians show	Identify what happens during	<ul> <li>Make links between some of</li> </ul>
	should believe.	have explicit meaning.	own clearly.	their beliefs about Palm	the Hindu ceremonies	Jesus' teachings about how
		Pupils should be able to:	Own cicany.	Sunday, Good Friday and	explored and the beliefs or	to live, and life in the world
	Donaile will be a continue.	1 opiis si looid be able to.	Pupils will know that:	Easter Sunday in worship.	ideas that underlie them.	today, expressing some ideas
	Pupils will know that:	Explain how salat is important	Chairliana haliana Carlia Tiaila	Make links between some of	VOCABULARY:	of their own clearly.
	• The Bible tells a story (in	to Muslims as it helps them	Christians believe God is Trinity:      Table of Society	the stories and teachings in	VOCABOLANT.	of friell own clearly.
	Genesis 3) about how humans	submit to the will of Allah.	Father, Son and Holy Spirit.	the Bible and life in the world	Mandir Murti Trimurti: Brahma;	
	spoiled their friendship with God	<ul> <li>Explain how the features of</li> </ul>	Christians believe the Father	today, expressing some ideas	Vishnu; Shiva Arti Puja Aum	
	(sometimes called 'the Fall').	the Mosque aid salat.	creates; he sends the Son who	of their own clearly.	Vedas Bindi Tilak Mara Worship	
		<ul> <li>Pupils may be able to</li> </ul>	saves his people; the Son sends	Pupils will know that:	Raksha Bandhan Rakhi	
	This means that humans cannot	compare salat and the	the Holy Spirit to his followers.	- op. o minimum man	Charanamrita parsad Brahmin	
	get close to God without	mosque to prayer and places		Christians see Holy Week as the	bhajans	
	God's help.	of worship within Christianity	• Jesus, the Son of God, is seen	culmination of Jesus' earthly life,		
	The Bible shows that God wants	or another faith.	by Christians as revealing what	leading to his death and		
	to help people to be close to him	VOCABIII ABV	God the Father is like.	resurrection.		
	— he keeps his relationship with	VOCABULARY:	Understanding God is	The various events of Holy		
	them, gives them guidelines on	adhan Arabic muezzin	challenging; people spend their	Week, such as the Last Supper,		
	good ways to live (such as the	calligraphy mihrab submission	whole lives learning more and	were important in showing the		
	Ten Commandments), and offers	ka'bah wudu Jumm'ah iman	more about God.	disciples what Jesus came to		
	forgiveness even when they keep	Tawhid minaret ka'bah salah or		earth to do.		
	on falling short.	salat minbar rak'ah	Christians believe the Holy Spirit			
			is God's power at work in the			



## St. John's CE Primary School Religious Education Long Term Plan with Vocabulary.

		-	-		
	Christians show that they want to be close to God too, through obedience and worship, which		world and in their lives today, enabling them to follow Jesus.	Christians today trust that Jesus really did rise from the dead, and so is still alive today.	
	includes saying sorry for falling short.			Christians remember and celebrate Jesus' last week, death and resurrection.	
Yr 5	UC: Creation / Fall	LDBE: How do people express	LDBE: What are the five pillars of	UC: Salvation	
Islam	2b.2: Creation and Science:	their faith through the arts?	Islam?	2b.6: What did Jesus do to save	
	conflicting or complementary?	Pupils will learn:	Pupils will learn:	human beings?	Pup
	By the end of the unit, pupils are	Art forms can be used to	The 'pillars' (or duties) are:	By the end of the unit, pupils are	• C
	expected to be able to:	express deep feelings and	Shahadah - 'There is no God	expected to be able to:	relig
	Outline the importance of	<ul><li>emotions</li><li>People can express their</li></ul>	but Allah and Muhammad is his	Outline the timeline of the	IOW
	Creation on the timeline of	religious faith through the arts:	messenger'	'big story' of the Bible,	• C
	the 'big story' of the Bible.	<ul> <li>Art, sculpture and design –</li> </ul>	Salat - Prayer five times a day.	explaining how Incarnation	beli
	Identify what type of text	drama – music – dance –		and Salvation fit within it.	cor
	some Christians say Genesis 1 is, and its purpose.	literature/poetry	Zakah - Almsgiving	Explain what Christians mean when they say that Jesus'	• Th
	Taking account of the	Some religious ideas/beliefs	Sawm – Fasting during	death was a sacrifice, using	the
	context, suggest what	are easier to express through the arts	Ramadan	theological terms.	• C
	Genesis 1 might mean, and	Not all religions express	Hajj - Pilgrimage Explore how	<ul> <li>Suggest meanings for</li> </ul>	cel
	compare their ideas with	themselves through arts in the	these pillars influence Muslims'	narratives of Jesus' death/	thro
	ways in which Christians	same way	daily lives Key celebrations for	resurrection, comparing their	trac
	interpret it, showing awareness of different	Pupils should be able to:	Muslims are linked with two pillars:	ideas with ways in which Christians interpret these	• Th
	interpretations.	Pupils should be able to:	Id-ul-Fitr – celebrating the end	texts.	woi
	Make clear connections	<ul> <li>Appreciate that the</li> </ul>	of Ramadan	Make clear connections	san
	between Genesis 1 and	expressive arts can be a		between the Christian belief	• a\
	Christian belief about God as	useful vehicle for conveying deeply held beliefs and	Id-ul-Adha - celebrating the	in Jesus' death as a sacrifice	dive
	Creator.	values.	end of Hajj	and how Christians celebrate	Chi
	Show understanding of why      Christians find a sign as	<ul> <li>Compare and contrast ways</li> </ul>	Pupils should be able to:	Holy Communion/Lord's	
	many Christians find science and faith go together.	in which different religions use	Describe what Muslims do to	<ul><li>Supper.</li><li>Show how Christians put their</li></ul>	Pup
	<ul> <li>Identify key ideas arising from</li> </ul>	the expressive arts to convey	practise the pillars and	beliefs into practice.	•
	their study of Genesis 1 and	beliefs.	connect them to some key	Weigh up the value and	
	comment on how far these	VOCABULARY:	Muslim beliefs.	impact of ideas of sacrifice in	
	are helpful or inspiring,		Describe how the pillars of	their own lives and the world	
	justifying their responses.	feelings pattern reverence	Islam give strength and shape	today.	
	Weigh up how far the Genesis	symbol wonder belief icon calligraphy masterpiece emotion	to life for Muslims. Discuss how following the Pillars can be an		Cu
	1 creation narrative is in conflict, or is complementary,	geometric design.	obligation and a choice.		R
	with a scientific account.	grameme deagm		Pupils will know that:	Fes
			VOCABULARY:	Christians read the 'big story' of	cru
	Pupils will know that:		Pillars of Islam Sawm Shahadah	the Bible as pointing out the	
	There is much debate and		Zakah Salah/salat Wudu Id-ul-	need for God to save people.	
	some controversy around the		Adha Id-ul-Fitr Hajj Halal	This salvation includes the ongoing restoration of humans'	
	relationship between the			relationship with God.	
	accounts of creation in Genesis			·	
	and contemporary scientific accounts.			The Gospels give accounts of	
	accounts.			Jesus' death and resurrection.	

## LDBE: What is the worldwide church?

Pupils will learn:

- Christianity is an international religion, its followers form a worldwide family of believers.
- Christians share a set of core beliefs expressed within a cultural context
- The diversity and variety within the British church
- Christian festivals are celebrated around the world, through different cultural traditions.
- The art, music and language of worship vary worldwide, but the same features lie at its heart.
- awareness of the spread, diversity and impact of the Church worldwide

Pupils should be able to:

 Explain something of the diversity within the church, and how the core beliefs at its heart are shared.

#### **VOCABULARY:**

Culture / Context Denomination Represent Symbol Worldwide Festival Ritual Persecution Cross / crucifix Communion Community Global Culture Language Translation Society

## UC: People of God

2b.3: how can following God bring freedom and justice?

By the end of the unit, pupils are expected to be able to:

- Explain connections between the story of Moses and the concepts of freedom and salvation, using theological terms.
- Make clear connections between Bible texts studied and what Christians believe about being the People of God and how they should behave.
- Explain ways in which some Christians put their beliefs into practice by trying to bring freedom to others.
- Identify ideas about freedom and justice arising from their study of Bible texts and comment on how far these are helpful or inspiring, justifying their responses.

## Pupils will know that:

- The Old Testament pieces together the story of the People of God.
- The story of Moses and the Exodus shows how God rescued his people from slavery in Egypt; Christians see this story as looking forward to how Jesus' death and resurrection also rescue people from slavery to sin.
- Christians apply this idea to living today by trying to serve God and to bring freedom to others; for example, loving others, caring for them, bringing health,

lives of Buddhists.

• They may also be able to

explain how Buddhist beliefs

in enlightment, meditation

forgiveness, healing) to the

opportunities of their own

lives and the life of their own

issues, problems and



## St. John's CE Primary School Religious Education Long Term Plan with Vocabulary

into

and

Weigh up how far the idea

Saviour from God — is

that Jesus is the Messiah — a

important in the world today

responsibility, taking

account religious

nonreligious viewpoints

Relig	gious Education Long	j Term Plan with Voc	abulary.			
	These debates and controversies relate to the purpose and interpretation of the texts. For example, does reading Genesis as a poetic account conflict with scientific accounts?  There are many scientists throughout history and now who are Christians.  The discoveries of science make Christians wonder even more about the power and majesty of the Creator.			The New Testament says that Jesus' death was somehow 'for us'.  Christians interpret this in a variety of ways: for example, as a sacrifice for sin; as a victory over sin, death and the devil; paying the punishment as a substitute for everyone's sins; rescuing the lost and leading them to God; leading from darkness to light.  Christians remember Jesus' sacrifice through the service of Holy Communion (also called the Lord's Supper, the Eucharist or the Mass).  Christians believe that Jesus calls them to sacrifice their own		food, justice, and telling the story of Jesus.
				needs to the needs of others, and some are prepared to die for others and for their faith.		
Yr 6	UC: Creation / Fall	UC: Incarnation	LDBE: What does it mean to live	UC: Salvation	UC: Gospel	LDBE: What is the Buddhist way of
Judaism Buddhism	2b.2: Creation and Science: conflicting or complementary?  (Digging Deeper)	2b.4 Was Jesus the Messiah?  By the end of the unit, pupils are expected to be able to:	as a Jew today?  Pupils will learn:  • Judaism has its origins in the	2b.7 What difference does resurrection make for Christians?  By the end of the unit, pupils are	2b.5 What would Jesus do?  By the end of the unit, pupils are expected to be able to:	life? Pupils will learn:  • How Prince Siddhattha
	<ul> <li>By the end of the unit, pupils are expected to be able to:</li> <li>Identify the type of text that Psalm 8 is, and its purpose.</li> <li>Explain what Psalm 8 has to say about the idea of God as Creator and the place of humans in Creation.</li> <li>Make clear connections between Psalm 8 and some ways Christians respond to God as Creator.</li> <li>Show understanding of why some Christians find science and faith compatible.</li> <li>Respond to the idea that humans have great responsibility for the Earth.</li> <li>Weigh up how well humans</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Explain the place of Incarnation and Messiah within the 'big story' of the Bible.</li> <li>Identify Gospel and prophecy texts, using technical terms.</li> <li>Explain connections between biblical texts, Incarnation and Messiah, using theological terms.</li> <li>Show how Christians put their beliefs about Jesus' Incarnation into practice in different ways in celebrating Christmas.</li> <li>Comment on how the idea that Jesus is the Messiah makes sense in the wider story of the Bible.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Jews believe in one God who is creator and carer</li> <li>that Jews believe they are descendants of Abraham, chosen by God to show what He is like</li> <li>that Abraham, Moses &amp; David are important figures in the Jewish faith.</li> <li>the importance of Shema as a core statement of belief</li> <li>that Jews believe the Torah is law, teaching &amp; guidance</li> <li>that the Torah is part of the Tanakh.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Outline the timeline of the 'big story' of the Bible, explaining the place within it of the ideas of Incarnation and Salvation.</li> <li>Suggest meanings for resurrection accounts, and compare their ideas with ways in which Christians interpret these texts, showing awareness of the centrality of the Christian belief in Resurrection.</li> <li>Explain connections between Luke 24 and the Christian concepts of Sacrifice, Resurrection, Salvation, Incarnation and Hope, using</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify features of Gospel texts (for example, teachings, parable, narrative).</li> <li>Taking account of the context, suggest meanings of Gospel texts studied, and compare their ideas with ways in which Christians interpret biblical texts, showing awareness of different interpretations.</li> <li>Make clear connections between Gospel texts, Jesus' 'good news', and how Christians live in the Christian community and in their individual lives.</li> <li>Relate biblical ideas, teachings or beliefs (for</li> </ul>	Gautama became the Buddha – the 'enlightened one'  • That there is no supreme deity in Buddhism  • Buddhists strive to gain enlightenment (Nirvana) frequently by meditating  • Buddhism has Four Noble Truths and Buddhists follow the Eightfold Path  • Worship and meditation are different, but there are artefacts that help Buddhists to meditate.  Pupils should be able to:  • Describe the key beliefs and teachings of Buddhism, and

• Describe the key beliefs and

teachings of Judaism, and

Make clear connections

between Christian belief in

the Resurrection and how



## St. John's CE Primary School Religious Education Long Term Plan with Vocabulary.

#### Pupils will know that:

- There are many scientists through history and now who are Christians.
- The discoveries of science make Christians wonder even more about the power and majesty of the Creator.

and, if it is true, what difference that might make in people's lives.

#### Pupils will know that:

- Jesus was Jewish.
- Christians believe Jesus is God in the flesh.
- They believe that his birth, life, death and resurrection were part of a longer plan by God to restore the relationship between humans and God.
- The Old Testament talks about a 'rescuer' or 'anointed one' a messiah. Some texts talk about what this 'messiah' would be like.
- Christians believe that Jesus fulfilled these expectations, and that he is the Messiah. (Jewish people do not think Jesus is the Messiah.)
- Christians see Jesus as their Saviour (See Salvation).

the impact they have on the lives of Jews.

 They may also be able to explain how the Jewish belief in one God compares to the key beliefs of other religions.

#### VOCABULARY:

Relationship kosher Chosen covenant Abraham Magen David Israel Esther Torah Tenakh Shema mezuzah Tefillin holocaust Bar Mitzvah Bat Mitzvah

- Christians worship on Good Friday and Easter Sunday.
- Show how Christians put their beliefs into practice in different ways.
- Explain why some people find belief in the Resurrection makes sense and inspires them.
- Offer and justify their own responses as to what difference belief in Resurrection might make to how people respond to challenges and problems in the world today.

#### Pupils will know that:

- Christians read the 'big story' of the Bible as pointing out the need for God to save people. This salvation includes the ongoing restoration of humans' relationship with God.
- The Gospels give accounts of Jesus' death and resurrection.
- Belief in Jesus' resurrection confirms to Christians that Jesus is the incarnate Son of God, but also that death is not the end.
- This belief gives Christians hope for life with God, starting now and continuing in a new life (heaven).

community in the world today, offering insights of their own.

## Pupils will know that:

- The good news is not just about setting an example for good behaviour and challenging bad behaviour: it is that Jesus offers a way to heal the damage done by human sin.
- Christians see that Jesus' teachings and example cut across expectations the Sermon on the Mount is an example of this, where Jesus' values favour serving the weak and vulnerable, not making people comfortable.
- Christians believe that they should bring this good news to life in the world in different ways, within their church family, in their personal lives, with family, with their neighbours, in the local, national and global community.

and self-awareness compare and contrast to the key beliefs of other religions.

### **VOCABULARY:**

Prince Siddattha Gautama (or Siddhartha Gautma) Buddha Wheel of life Enlightenment temple Meditation shrine Nirvana Rebirth Four Noble Truths Eightfold